IN THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the present application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently amended) A method for the closed-loop control of a thermostat (11), In particular in a cooling circuit of an Internal combustion engine [[(1)]], wherein, by means of the valves via a valve in the thermostat, a small coolant circuit without a radiator [[(2)]] and a large coolant circuit with a radiator [[(2)]] can be separated from one another or connected to one another in a temperature-controlled manner, or connected to one another in a mixing mode with a mixing ratio with closed-loop control of the temperature, and [[the]] an operating [[units]] unit of the valves in the thermostat (11) are is triggered by [a] control means in response to input control parameters [[(5)]], and one of a plurality of possible <u>prespecified</u> desired coolant temperatures is set by opening and closing the valves in the thermostat based on the input control parameters, eharacterized in that and wherein the closed-loop control [[to]] for each prespecified desired coolant temperature involves a first and a second closed-loop control phase, with the first closed-loop control phase in the form of basic adaptation [[(40)]] with stored control parameters setting the currently current prespecified desired coolant temperature as quickly as possible, and, after the respectively respective current desired coolant temperature is reached, the second closed-loop control phase In the form of fine adaptation [[(41)]] with variable control parameters keeping the currently current prespecified desired coolant temperature as constant as possible.
- 2. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein, when the eurrently current prespecified desired coolant temperature is changed, the new prespecified desired coolant temperature is set by fine adaptation.
- (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the basic adaptation settings are improved by the corrected fine adaptation settings.

- 4. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, sharacterized in that wherein, when the motor vehicle is started, the basic adaptation settings are matched to the ambient temperature.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, eharacterized in that wherein, when the motor vehicle is started, the basic adaptation settings are adapted if the ambient temperature has changed by at least [[by]] a prespecified temperature interval, and the motor vehicle has been out of operation for a prespecified minimum period.
- 6. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein the current desired coolant temperature (TMSoII) is selected from amongst among three different prespecified desired coolant temperatures as a function of the load.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the external air temperature [[(33)]] is also entered into the closed-loop control system in the first and in the second closed-loop control phase.
- 8. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in ene of claim 1, characterized in that wherein basic adaptation [[(40)]] can be deactivated and, particularly in the event of a fault, closed-loop control of the coolant is taken over from a redundant fallback level by a proportional controller [[(43)]].